WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid, wherein said nucleic acid is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a nucleic acid comprising at least one of the nucleic acid sequences listed in SEQ ID NOs 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 41, and 43;
 - (ii) a nucleic acid having a sequence of at least 80 % identity, preferably at least 90 % identity, more preferred at least 95 % identity, most preferred at least 98 % identity with any of the nucleic acid sequences listed in SEQ ID NOs 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 41, and 43;
 - (iii) a nucleic acid that hybridizes to a nucleic acid of (i) or (ii);
 - (iv) a nucleic acid, wherein said nucleic acid is derivable by substitution, addition and/or deletion of one of the nucleic acids of (i), (ii) or (iii);
 - (v) a fragment of any of the nucleic acids of (i) to (iv), that hybridizes to a nucleic acid of (i).
- 2. The nucleic acid according to claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid is a DNA, a RNA or a PNA.
- 3. The nucleic acid according to claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a polypeptide that is capable of modulating an immune response, wherein preferably said immune response is a T cell response, a B cell response, or a T cell and a B cell response.
- 4. An isolated polypeptide comprising a polypeptide sequence encoded by a nucleic acid according to claim 1.
- 5. The polypeptide according to claim 4, wherein said polypeptide sequence is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) hsB7-H4LV (SEQ ID NO:2);
 - (ii) hsB7-H4LV(ECD) (SEQ ID NO:4);
 - (iii) hsB7-H5 (SEQ ID NO:6);
 - (iv) hsB7-H5(ECD) (SEQ ID NO:8);
 - (v) mB7-H5 (SEQ ID NO:10);
 - (vi) mB7-H5(ECD) (SEQ ID NO:12);
 - (vii) mB7-H6 (SEQ ID NO:14);

- (viii) mB7-H6(ECD) (SEQ ID NO:16);
- (ix) hsB7-H6 (SEQ ID NO:42);
- (x) hsB7-H6(ECD) (SEQ ID NO:44) and;
- (xi) a functional derivative of (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii), (viii), (ix), or (x).
- 6. The polypeptide according to claim 4, wherein said polypeptide is capable of modulating an immune response, wherein preferably said immune response is a T cell response, a B cell response, or a T cell and a B cell response.
- 7. The polypeptide according to claim 5, wherein said polypeptide is capable of modulating an immune response, wherein preferably said immune response is a T cell response, a B cell response, or a T cell and a B cell response.
- 8. A recombinant vector, comprising a nucleic acid according to claim 1.
- 9. A recombinant vector, wherein said recombinant vector is capable of producing a polypeptide according to claim 4.
- 10. A host cell comprising a nucleic acid according to claim 1.
- 11. An antibody that specifically binds a polypeptide according to claim 4.
- 12. An antibody directed against a polypeptide according to claim 4, wherein said antibody inhibits the polypeptides capability to modulate an immune response.
- 13. An antibody directed against a polypeptide according to claim 5, wherein said antibody inhibits the polypeptides capability to modulate an immune response.
- 14. A hybridoma cell line, expressing an antibody that specifically binds a polypeptide according to claim 4.
- 15. A transfected cell line capable of expressing the antibody according to claim 13.

- 16. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 4 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 18. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody according to claim 13 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 19. A polypeptide according to claim 4 for use as a medicament.
- 20. A polypeptide according to claim 5 for use as a medicament.
- 21. An antibody according to claim 13 for use as a medicament.
- 22. Use of a polypeptide according to claim 4 for the preparation of a medicament for modulating the immune response.
- Use of a polypeptide according to claim 5 for the preparation of a medicament for treating and/or preventing autoimmune diseases including, and preferably consisting of, type I diabetes and multiple sclerosis, asthma, arthritis, myasthenia gravis, arthritis, lupus erythematosus, pemhigus, psoriasis, colitis or rejection of transplanted organs, rejection of xenotransplants, immuno deficiency diseases, and cancer.
- 24. Use of an antibody according to claim 13 for the preparation of a medicament for treating and/or preventing autoimmune diseases including, and preferably consisting of, type I diabetes and multiple sclerosis, asthma, arthritis, myasthenia gravis, arthritis, lupus erythematosus, pemhigus, psoriasis, colitis or rejection of transplanted organs, rejection of xenotransplants, immuno deficiency diseases, and cancer.
- 25. A method of identifying a compound that modulates an immune response, which method comprises:
 - (i) contacting a B cell and/or T cell with a polypeptide according to claim 4 in the absence or presence of a compound of interest;

- (ii) comparing the immune response in the absence of said compound of interest with the immune response in the presence of said compound of interest.
- 26. The method of claim 25, wherein the contacting step (i) is performed by contacting B cells, T cells, or B cells and T cells, with cells expressing said polypeptide, with a polypeptide that is matrix-bound, or with a free polypeptide.
- 27. A method of treating and/or preventing a disease in a mammal, wherein said disease is selected from autoimmune diseases and diseases that benefit from an enhanced or reduced immune response, preferably type I diabetes and multiple sclerosis, asthma, arthritis, psoriasis, colitis or rejection of transplanted organs, immuno deficiency diseases, or cancer, which method comprises administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of the polypeptide according to claim 4.
- 28. A method of producing the polypeptide according to claim 4, said method comprising the steps of:
 - (i) providing the host cell according to claim;
 - (ii) culturing said host cell under conditions suitable for expression of said polypeptide; and
 - (iii) isolating said polypeptide from said host cell.
- 29. A method of producing an antibody, said method comprising the steps of:
 - (i) providing the hybridoma cell according to claim 14;
 - (ii) culturing said hybridoma cell under conditions suitable for expression of said antibody; and
 - (iii) isolating said antibody from said hybridoma cell.
- 30. A method of producing an antibody, said method comprising the steps of:
 - (i) providing a cell line transfected to express said antibody according to claim 15;
 - (ii) culturing said cell line under conditions suitable for expression of said antibody; and (iii) isolating said antibody from said cell line.